

Antiquaria *F.R.C.*
5
SYLLABUS

Musculorum Corporis Humani :

SEU

Ordo in Musculis fecandis

TENENDUS

Corpore a Vertice suspenso.

In sex Prælectiones distinctus.

In Usū

COLLEGII Chirurgorum Londinensium.

Anno MDCCXI.

3



40 h
6

Prælectio Prima.

Musculi Abdominis.

O bliquus Externus.	} <i>Partes in Abdomine contentas comprimunt. Costas deorsum trahunt. Et Truncum Corporis circumagunt.</i>
Obliquus Internus.	
Pyramidalis.	
Rectus.	
Transversalis.	
<i>Testium.</i>	
Cremasteres.	
<i>Penis.</i>	
Erectores.	
Acceleratores Urinæ.	
Transversales.	
<i>Clitoridis.</i>	
Erectores.	
<i>Vagina Uteri.</i>	
Sphincter.	
<i>Vesica Urina.</i>	
Sphincter.	
Detrusor Urinæ.	
<i>Ani.</i>	
Sphincter.	
Levatores.	

[illegible]

SECRET

Obituary Notice

[illegible]

100

1941

100

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

153/102

[illegible]

100

Author:

4407842

Prælectio Secunda.

Musculi Occipitis & Frontis.

Occipito----Frontalis.
Auricula.

Retractor.

Auris interna.

Externus }
 Internus } *Auris.*
 Obliquus }

Musculus Stapedis.

Palpebrae.

Aperiens Palpebram rectus.

Orbicularis-----*clausor.*

Oculi.

Obliquus Superior. ---- *antrorsum & deorsum.*

Obliquus Inferior. ---- *antrorsum & sursum.*

Elevator.

Depressor.

Adductor.

Abductor.

Ala Nasi.

Dilatator. Est etiam Elevator Labii superioris proprius.

Constrictor. Est etiam Depressor Labii superioris proprius.

Labiorum.

Zygomaticus. ---- *Distortor Oris.*

Elevator Communis.

Depressor Communis.

Sphincter.

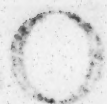
Elevator Labii inferioris proprius.

Depressor Labii inferioris proprius.

Gena.

(3)

Pictorio Secunda.



Original - Pictorio

Acceptor

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Examine

Gena.

Buccinator. Seu, Constrictor.

Quadratus. Seu Platysma Myoides.

*Offis Hyoidis.*Mylohyoidei. } *sursum antrorsumq;*

Geniohyoidei. }

Stylohyoidei. ---- *sursum, retrorsumq;*Coracohyoidei. } *deorsum.*

Sternohyoidei. }

*Lingua.*Genioglossi. --- *antrorsum sursumq;*Ceratoglossi. --- *deorsum.*Styloglossi. --- *sursum & retrorsum.*

Prælectio Tertia.

Musculi Maxillæ Inferioris.

Temporalis. } *Elevatores.*
 Masseter. }

Digastricus. --- *Depressor.*Pterygoideus Internus. --- *ad latus & elevator.*Pterygoideus Externus. --- *antrorsum & elevator.**Laryngis:*Hyothyroidei. --- *Elevator.*Sternothyroidei. } *Depressores.*

Cricothyroidei. }

Cricoarytænoidei postici. } *Rimula apertores.*

Cricoarytænoidei laterales. }

Thyroarytænoidei. } *Rimula clausores.*

Arytænoideus. }

Pharyngis.

Class.
Proterozoic, 2nd. Cambrian.
Ordovician, 2nd. Silurian.
Devonian.
Carboniferous.
Permian.
Triassic.
Jurassic.
Cretaceous.
Tertiary.
Quaternary.

Proterozoic Tertiary.

Proterozoic, 2nd. Cambrian.
Ordovician, 2nd. Silurian.
Devonian.
Carboniferous.
Permian.
Triassic.
Jurassic.
Cretaceous.
Tertiary.
Quaternary.

*Pharyngis.*Stylopharyngeus. --- *Faucium dilatator.*Oesophageus. --- *Faucium Constrictores.*

Vaginalis Gulæ.

*Uvula.*Pterygostaphulinus internus *sursum.*Pterygostaphulinus externus *deorsum.*

Prælectio Quarta.

*Musculus Clavicular.***S**Uchclavius. --- *depressor.**Scapulæ.*Trapezius. *retrosum.*Rhomboides. *sursum retrosumq;*

Levator Scapulæ.

Serratus Major anticus. *antrorsum sursumq;*Serratus Minor anticus. *antrorsum deorsumq;**Humeri.*Pectoralis. --- *antrorsum.*

Deltoides.

Supraspinalis. } *sursum.*Infraspinalis. *retrosum.*Teres Minor. } *retrodeorsum.*

Teres Major. }

Dorsi Latissimus. --- *deorsum & introrsum.*Coracobrachialis. --- *sursum & extrorsum.*Subscapularis. --- *introrsum.**Cubiti.*Biceps Internus. } *Flexores.*

Brachialis Internus. }

Biceps Externus. } *Extensores*

Brachialis Externus. }

Anconeus.

(5)

Phosphorus
Chlorine
Sulphur
Carbon
Nitrogen
Oxygen
Hydrogen
Zinc
Copper
Iron
Lead
Silver
Gold
Platinum
Mercury
Antimony
Arsenic
Bismuth
Cadmium
Cobalt
Nickel
Manganese
Potassium
Sodium
Calcium
Magnesium
Aluminum
Silicon
Boron
Fluorine
Iodine
Bromine
Chlorine
Sulphur
Carbon
Nitrogen
Oxygen
Hydrogen

Phosphorus

Phosphorus

Phosphorus is a non-metallic element, occurring in nature as a white, waxy solid. It is highly reactive, especially with oxygen, and is used in a variety of applications, including fertilizers, pesticides, and explosives. The element is named after the Greek word for "light," due to its characteristic glow in the dark.

Phosphorus is a member of the nitrogen group in the periodic table. It has five valence electrons and can form a variety of compounds, including phosphates, phosphides, and phosphines. The element is also used in the production of phosphoric acid, which is a key component in many industrial processes.

Phosphorus is a highly reactive element, and its compounds are used in a wide range of applications. For example, phosphates are used in fertilizers to promote plant growth, and phosphides are used in the production of semiconductors. The element is also used in the production of explosives, and its compounds are used in a variety of other industrial processes.

Vola Manus.

Palmaris longus. } *Constrictores.*
 Caro Quadrata. }

Carpi.

Flexor Radialis.

Flexor Ulnaris.

Extensor Radialis.

Extensor Ulnaris.

Digitorum.

Perforatus. }

Perforans. } *Flexores.*

Lumbricales. }

Extensor Communis.

Extensor Indicis.

Abductor Indicis.

Extensor Auricularis.

Abductor Auricularis.

Interossei. --- *Extensores.*

Pollicis.

Flexor Internodii } Tertii.
 } Primi, &
 } Secundi.

Extensor Internodii } Primi.
 } Secundi, &
 } Tertii.

Adductor.

Abductor.

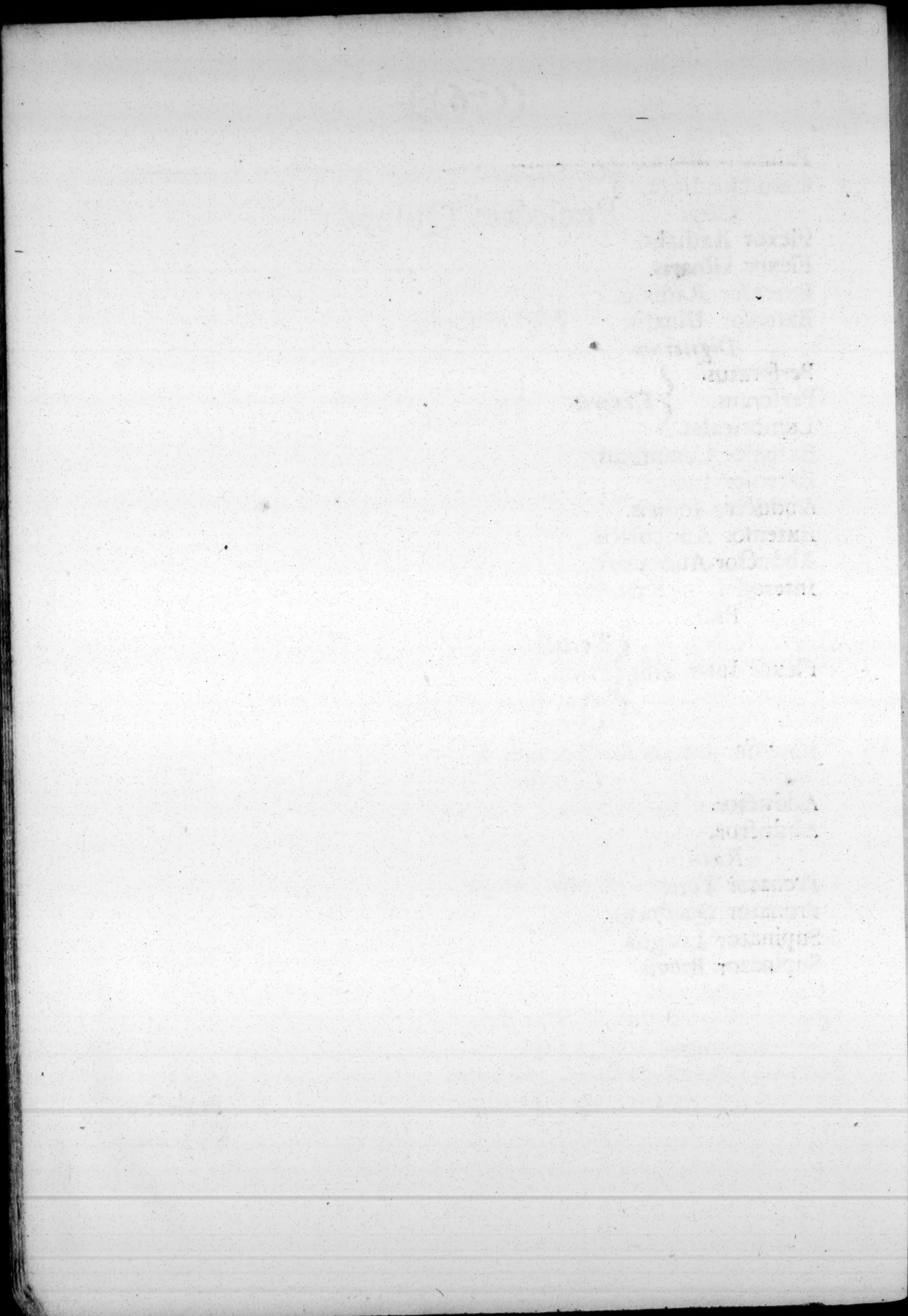
Radii.

Pronator Teres.

Pronator Quadratus.

Supinator Longus.

Supinator Brevis.



Prælectio Quinta.

Musculi Capitis.

Mastoideus.
 Rectus Internus } Major
 } Minor
 } Lateralis. } *Flexores.*

Colli.

Longus. } *Flexores.*
 Scalenus. }

Capitis.

Splenius. }
 Complexus. }
 Rectus Major. } *Extensores.*
 Rectus Minor. }
 Obliquus superior. }
 Obliquus inferior. } *Rotator.*

Colli.

Spinalis. }
 Transversalis. } *Extensores.*
 Interspinales. }

Dorsi.

Sacrolumbalis. --- *Costarum depressor.*
 Dorsi Longissimus. } *Extensores.*
 Semispinalis. }

Lumborum.

Sacer. --- *Extensor.*
 Quadratus. --- *Corpus ad latus flectens.*
 Costarum.

Serratus superior posticus. *Elevator.*
 Serratus inferior posticus. *Depressor.*

Costarum

(20)

Francisco G. G. G.

11

Francisco G. G. G.

Francisco G. G. G.

Francisco G. G. G.

Intercostales { externi. } Levatores
 { interni. }

Triangularis. } *Constrictores.*
Diaphragma. }

Offis Coccygis.

Coccygeus. -- Os Coccygis antrosum ducens.

Prælectio Sexta.

Musculi Femoris.

P Soas Parvus. }
 Ploas Magnus. } *Flexores.*
 Iliacus Internus. }
 Pectineus. }

Glutæus } Major, } *Levatores.*
 } Medius, }
 } Minor. }

Pyriformis five Iliacus Externus.
 Marfupialis five Obturator Internus. } *Extrorfum.*
 Quadratus Femoris.

Triceps. --- *introrsum*.

Obturator Externus. --- *oblique extrorsum.*

Tibia.

Membranofus. --- extrorsum.

Sartorius. --- *introrsum*.

Rectus.

Vastus Externus. *Extensores.*
Vastus Internus.
Cruralis.

Tibiæ.

Gracilis.
Seminervosus.
Semimembranosus. } *Flexores.*
Biceps.
Popliteus. }

Tarsi.

Gastrocnemius Externus.
Gastrocnemius Internus. } *Extensores.*
Plantaris.

Tibialis anticus. --- *Flexor.*

Tibialis posticus. --- *Extensor introrsum & sursum.*

Peroneus Primus.
Peroneus Secundus. } *Extensores extrorsum.*

Pollicis Pedis.

Extensor longus.

Extensor brevis.

Flexor longus.

Flexor brevis.

Adductor.

Abductor.

Transversalis Pedis.

Digitorum Pedis.

Extensor longus.

Extensor brevis.

Perforatus. }

Perforans. } *Flexores.*

Lumbricales. }

Interossei. --- *Extensores.*

Minimi Digiti.

Abductor.

F I N I S.